

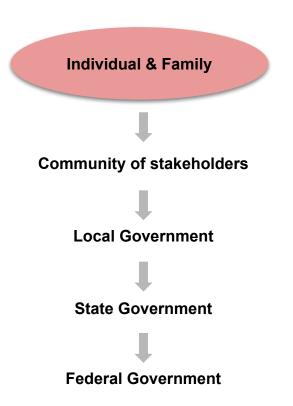
## **ROLE OF THE STATE**

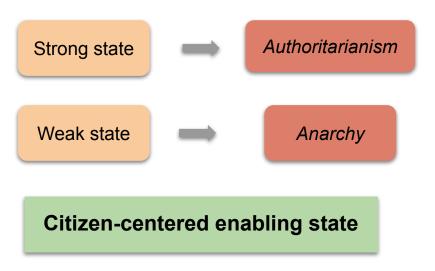
iPolicy, Hyderabad 9th December, 2023

## Why do we need a state?



#### Citizen vs. State

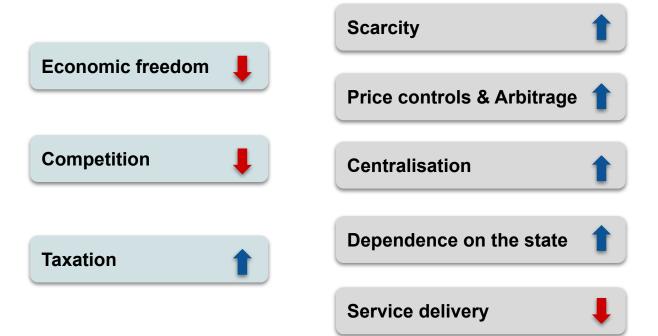


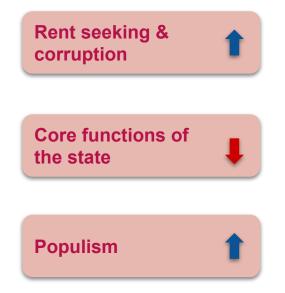


# The Indian Experience – pre 1991



## License-Permit-Quota raj & direct effects of state monopoly





# The Indian Experience – post 1991



## **Positives**

Monopoly & PSU role



Competition & choice in consumer goods



Role of state governments



Focus on infrastructure



Prudent fiscal management



## **Unfinished Tasks**

Core functions still neglected

Doing business in India is still difficult

Local Governments are still weak

Opportunity denied to most people – education, healthcare, rule of law

Minimal productivity increase

Service delivery is still poor

Deepening rural & agrarian crisis

Shifting corruption

Growing distortions in the political process – money power, populism, polarisation



## **Core State Functions – Where does India stand?**

#### **LFPR EYS** MYS HDI Agriculture **GDP Per Capita** MMR Life Expectancy IMR **Expenditure** on Consmuption (Labor Force Rank (Expected Years of (Human Development (Mean Years of (% of total (PPP, 2019) (2019)(2017)(Kwh Per capita, **Participation Rate** (2019)Healthcare Schooling, 2019) Index, 2020) Schooling, 2020) employment, female, 2018) (2018)2019) (2019)

COMPARISON OF VARIOUS DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS AMONG 50 LARGE ECONOMIES

Hong Kong Hong Kong South Africa Australia Sweden Switzerland Hong Kong Germany Norway Norway Singapore Belgium Switzerland Ireland Japan Japan Italy France Canada Ireland Canada Argentina Switzerland Finland Norway Netherlands Sweden Switzerland Switzerland Sweden Hong Kong Vietnam Norway

Poland **United States** Finland **United States** 

Out-of-Pocket-

Ireland

UAE

Japan

New Zealand

Czech Republic

Saudi Arabia

Denmark

Sweden

Norway

Canada

Colombia

Turkey

Australia

Austria

Finland

Belgium

Romania

Poland

United Kingdom

Germany

Singapore

Denmark

Australia

Sweden

Austria

Finland

Hong Kong

Germany

Belgium

Canada

Israel

UAE

Japan

France

South Korea

Italy

Spain

Taiwan

New Zealand

United Kingdom

16

17

20

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25

Netherlands

**United States** 

Spain

Italy

Singapore

South Korea

Sweden

Australia

Norway

Israel

France

Ireland

Canada

Austria

Finland

Belgium

Denmark

Germany

Taiwan

Portugal

Chile

New Zealand

United Kingdom

Netherlands

Norway

Sweden

Spain

Italy

Singapore

South Korea

Belgium

Austria

Ireland

Israel

Australia

Portugal

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United Kingdom

Czech Republic

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Israel

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Sweden

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Japan

Netherlands

Switzerland

Australia

Germany

France

Portugal

Singapore

Canada

New Zealand

United Kingdom

Denmark

Thailand Denmark United Kingdom New Zealand

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Spain

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Czechia

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Portugal

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Singapore

Switzerland

**United States** 

South Korea

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Russia

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Taiwan

Singapore

UAE

South Korea

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Hong Kong Germany Sweden Australia

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Israel

Japan

Spain

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Italy

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Singapore

United Kingdom

New Zealand

**United States** 

South Korea

Czech Republic

UAE **United States** Finland Taiwan Saudi Arabia

South Korea

New Zealand

Singapore

Switzerland

France

Israel

Austria

Czechia

Belgium

Russia

Ireland

Spain

China

Germany

Netherlands

Japan

Australia

Power

**Employment in** 

Belgium

Germany

United Kingdom

**United States** 

Israel

UAE

Canada

Sweden

Norway

Denmark

France

Japan

Austria

Finland

Italy

Spain

Ireland

Australia

Switzerland

Czech Republic

Netherlands

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Netherlands

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#### Out-of-Pocket-Power LFPR **EYS** MYS HDI Agriculture **GDP Per Capita** IMR MMR Life Expectancy Expenditure on Consmuption (Labor Force Rank (Expected Years of (Mean Years of (Human Development (% of total (PPP, 2019) (2019)(2019)(2017)Healthcare (Kwh Per capita, **Participation Rate** Schooling, 2019) Schooling, 2020) Index, 2020) employment, female, 2018) 2019) (2018)(2019) **United States** Portugal Russia South Korea Spain Austria Romania Portugal Malaysia South Korea Hong Kong 27

Saudi Arabia

Saudi Arabia

Chile

Argentina

Romania

Russia

Turkey

Malaysia

Thailand

Colombia

Indonesia

**Philippines** 

South Africa

Brazil

China

Egypt

India

Vietnam

Bangladesh

Pakistan

Nigeria

\*Taiwan

Mexico

Peru

Denmark

Italy

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Vietnam

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India

Bangladesh

\*Taiwan is not included in UNDP's HDI rankings

Pakistan

South Africa

Argentina Turkey

35

40

48

Chile

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Argentina

Romania

Indonesia

Malaysia

UAE

Taiwan

Nigeria

Mexico

Turkey

Pakistan

India

Egypt

**Philippines** 

Bangladesh

Saudi Arabia

South Africa

Chile Italy

South Korea



#### Failure of Rule of Law

- Large pendency and inordinate delays in courts.
  - Trial courts pendency 3.4
    crore and 1.1 crore criminal
    & civil cases respectively.
  - About 60% of the cases are more than an year old.
- Criminal cases outnumber civil cases
- Lowest conviction rate 50.4%

### **Avoidable Suffering & Unfulfilled Potential**

- Failure in healthcare delivery
  - About 5.5 crore people fall into poverty every year because of healthcare costs
  - 26% of deaths are caused by mostly preventable communicable, maternal, neonatal & nutritional diseases
- School education abysmal learning outcomes
  - 60% of Std. V students cannot read a Std. II level text
  - 55% of Std. VIII students cannot divide

## **Net Result – Emerging Challenges**



- > Those who can pay cease to be consumers of public utilities
- Those with voice have fewer stakes in governance
- Vote de-linked from public good; taxes de-linked from services; & authority de-linked from accountability
- > Distortions in the political process money power, populism, primordial loyalties